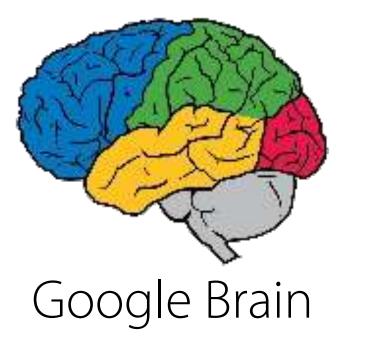






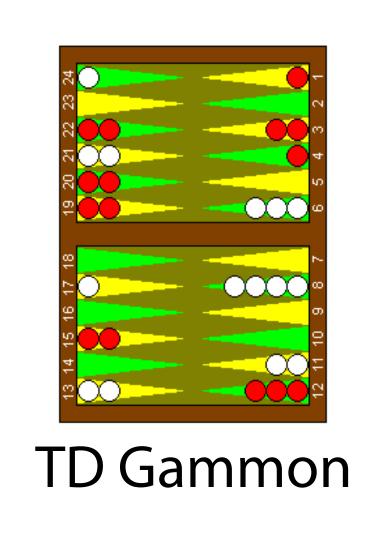
# Learning Compound Tasks through Interaction and Observation Chelsea Finn





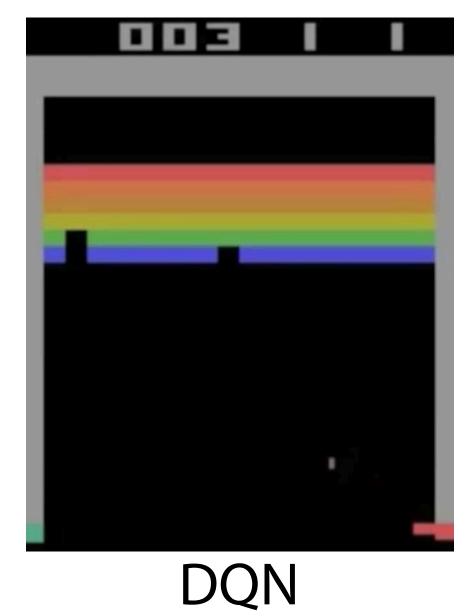


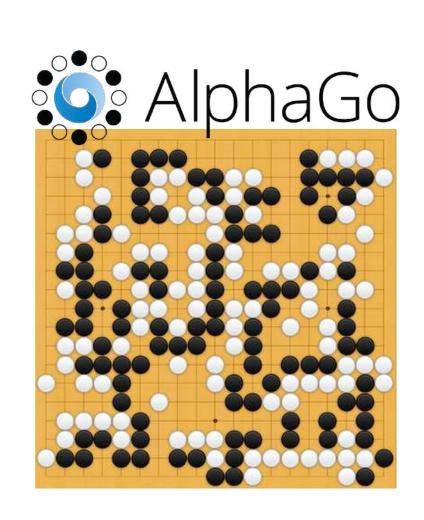
## Impressive Feats in Al











Why are these impressive?

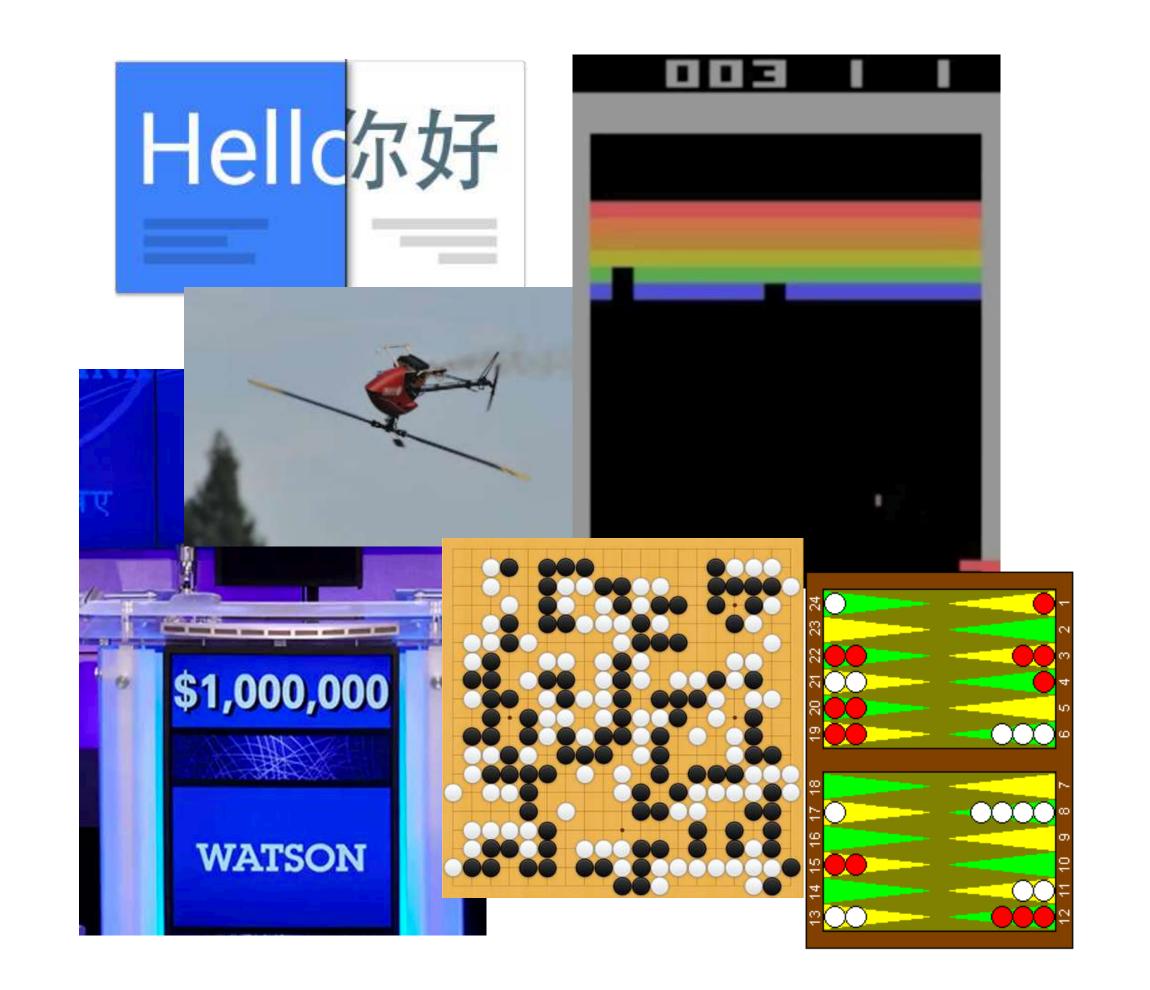
They perform a **complex task** very well, sometimes even better than a human.

"specialists"

What is equally important: but not impressive (on the surface)

Generality: ability to perform many tasks

How can we build *generalists*?



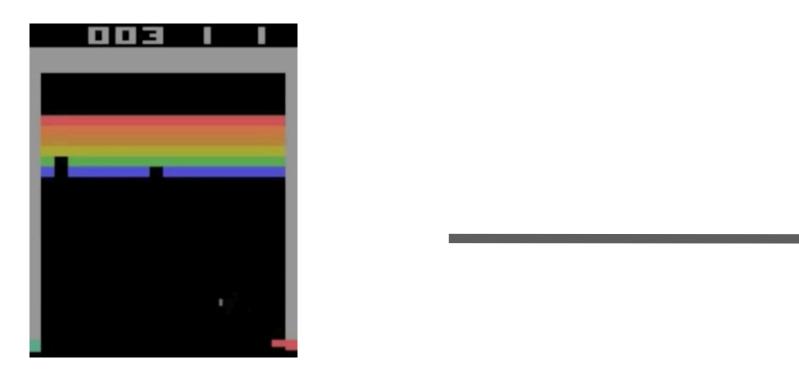


**Simple**, yet **general**, manipulation skills are beyond the scope of current methods.

It turns out — the **simpler**, but **broader** capabilities are **really hard**. (Moravec's Paradox)

This talk: can we do the unimpressive things?

#### Can we build a robot that can do many tasks?



learning a **policy** in a closed universe

learn general-purpose model plan with model for many tasks

model-based control



from pixel observations, with limited supervision, in the physical world

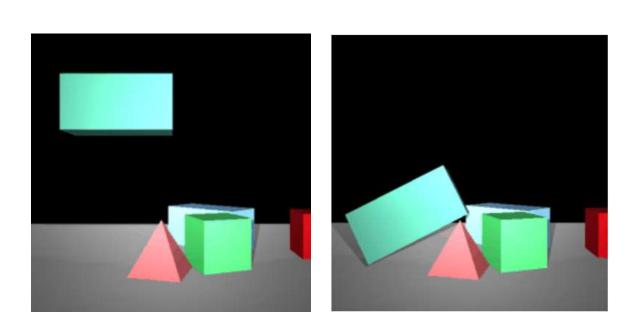
### Can we build a robot that can do many tasks?



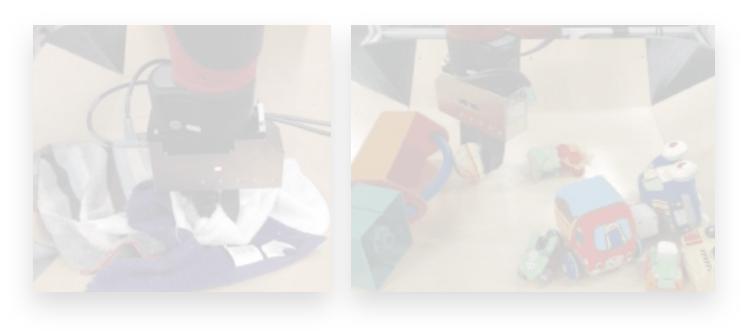
learn general-purpose model

plan with model for many tasks

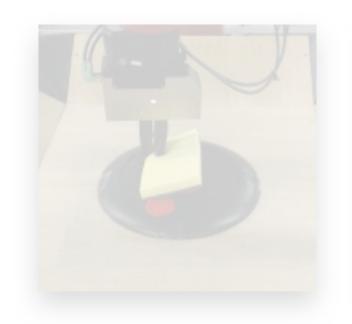
learning a policy in a closed universe



structured latent space model for **long-horizon tasks** 



modeling diverse, open-world environments



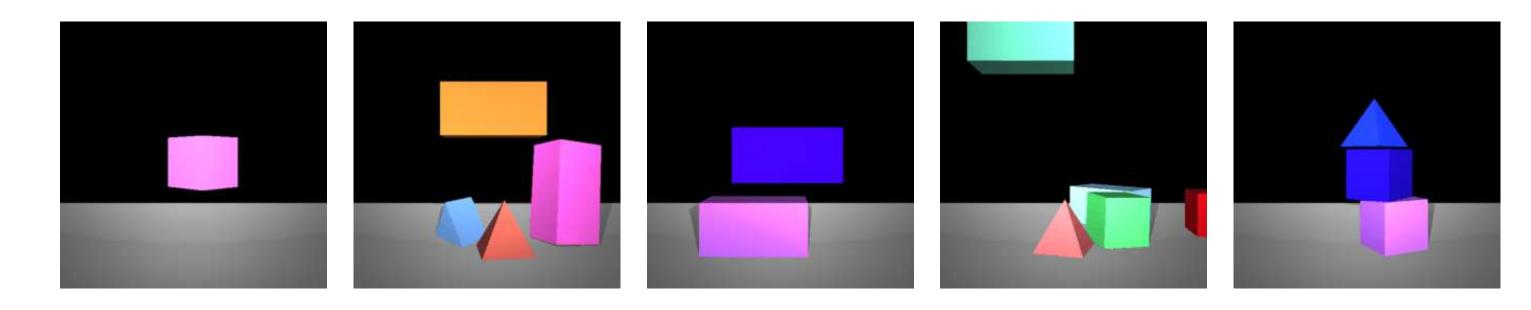


long-horizon tasks in diverse, open-world environments

from pixel observations, with limited supervision, in the physical world

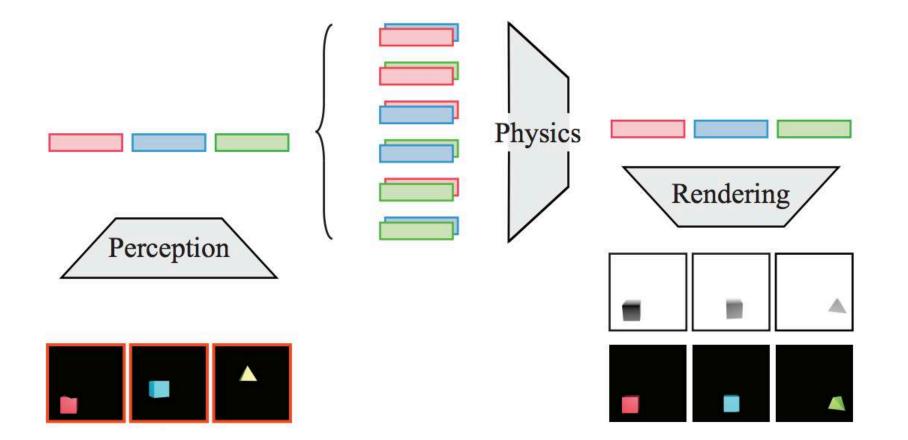
#### 1. Collect **diverse** interactions

Greater diversity —> more generalpurpose model



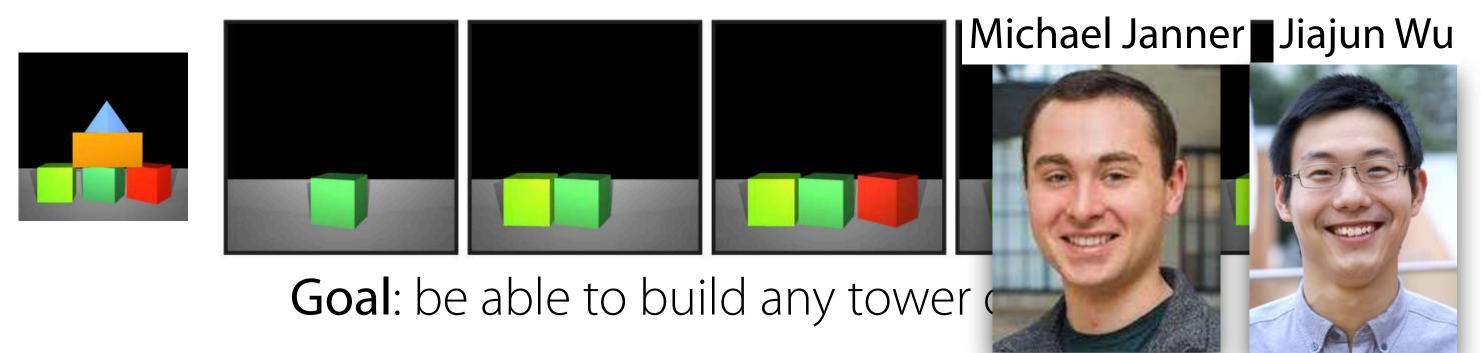
# 2. Learn **structured** representation & model

Structure —> long-horizon reasoning



### 3. Plan using model

Online planning —> many tasks

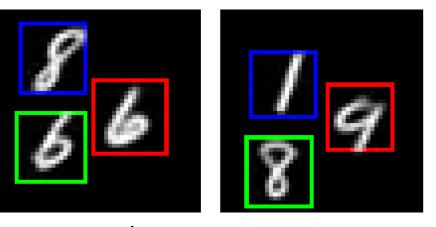


Learn **structured** representation & model *object-centric* model

Assume: object segmentation masks for individual frames

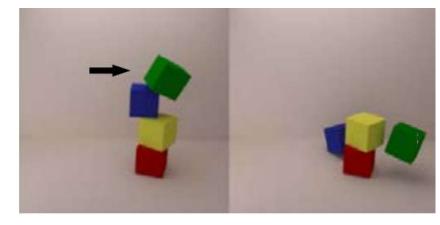
Follow up work: remove this assumption in Chang et al. '19

Eslami et al. '16, Kosiorek et al. '18

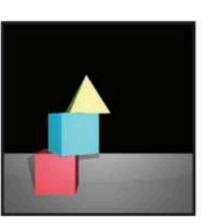


simple, 2D scenes

Wu et al. '17



full supervision of object properties

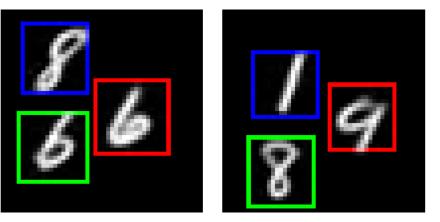


## Learn **structured** representation & model *object-centric* model

Assume: object segmentation masks for individual frames

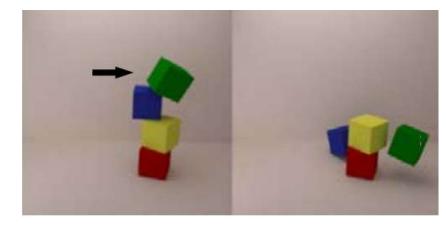
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Eslami et al. '16, Kosiorek et al. '18



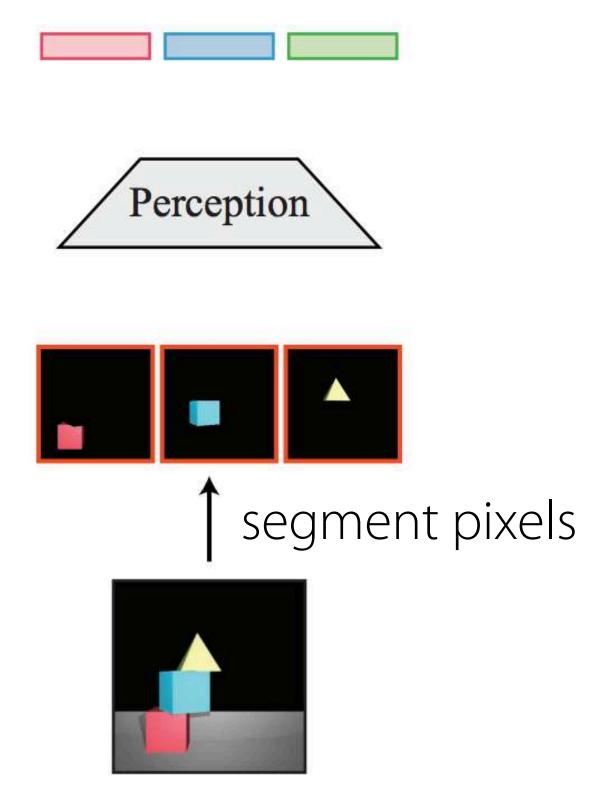
simple, 2D scenes

Wu et al. '17



full supervision of object properties

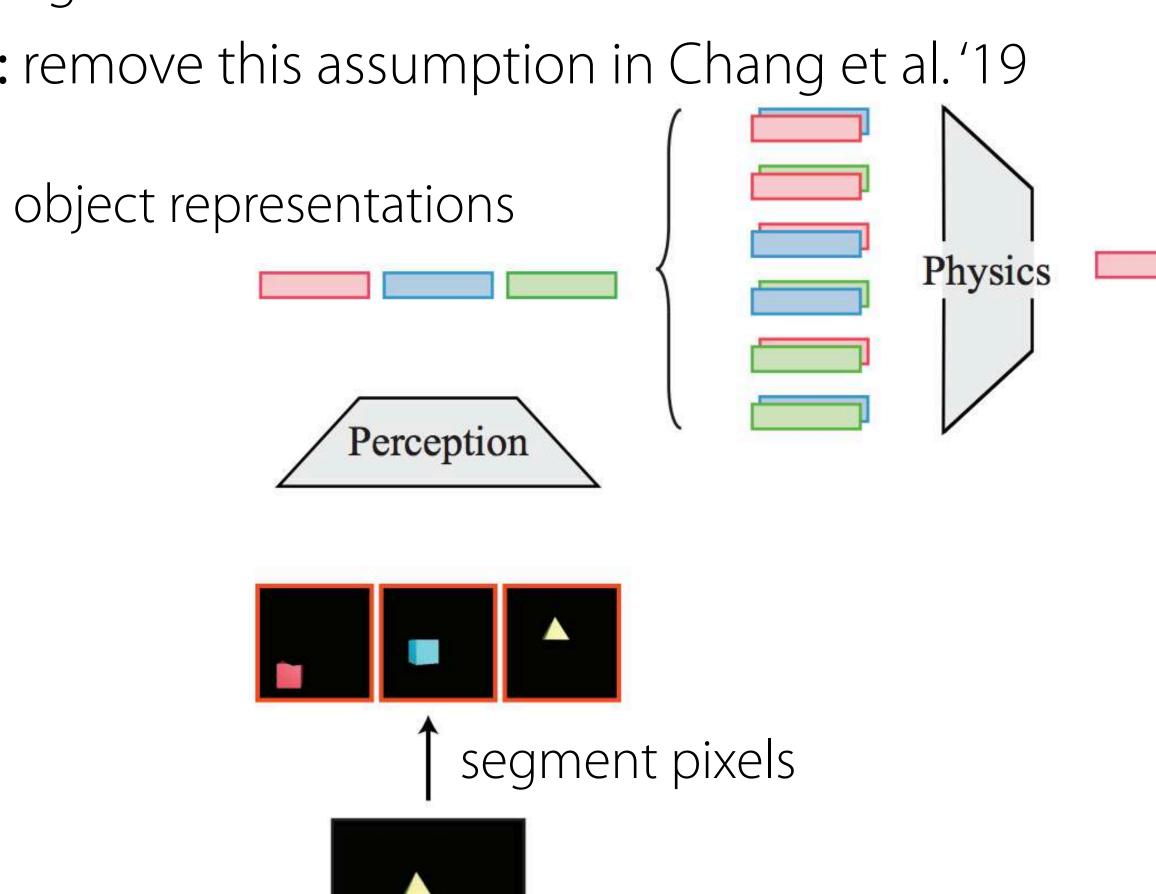
object representations



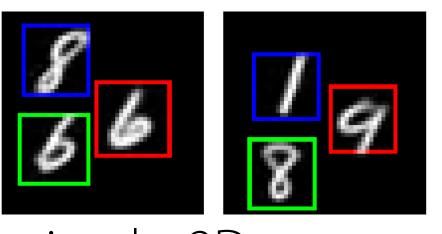
## Learn structured representation & model object-centric model

Assume: object segmentation masks for individual frames

Follow up work: remove this assumption in Chang et al. '19

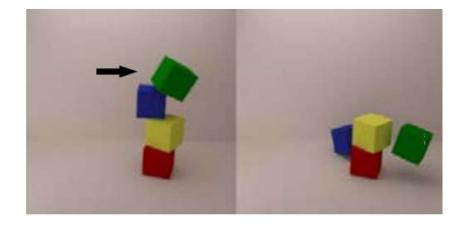


Eslami et al. '16, Kosiorek et al. '18



simple, 2D scenes

Wu et al. '17

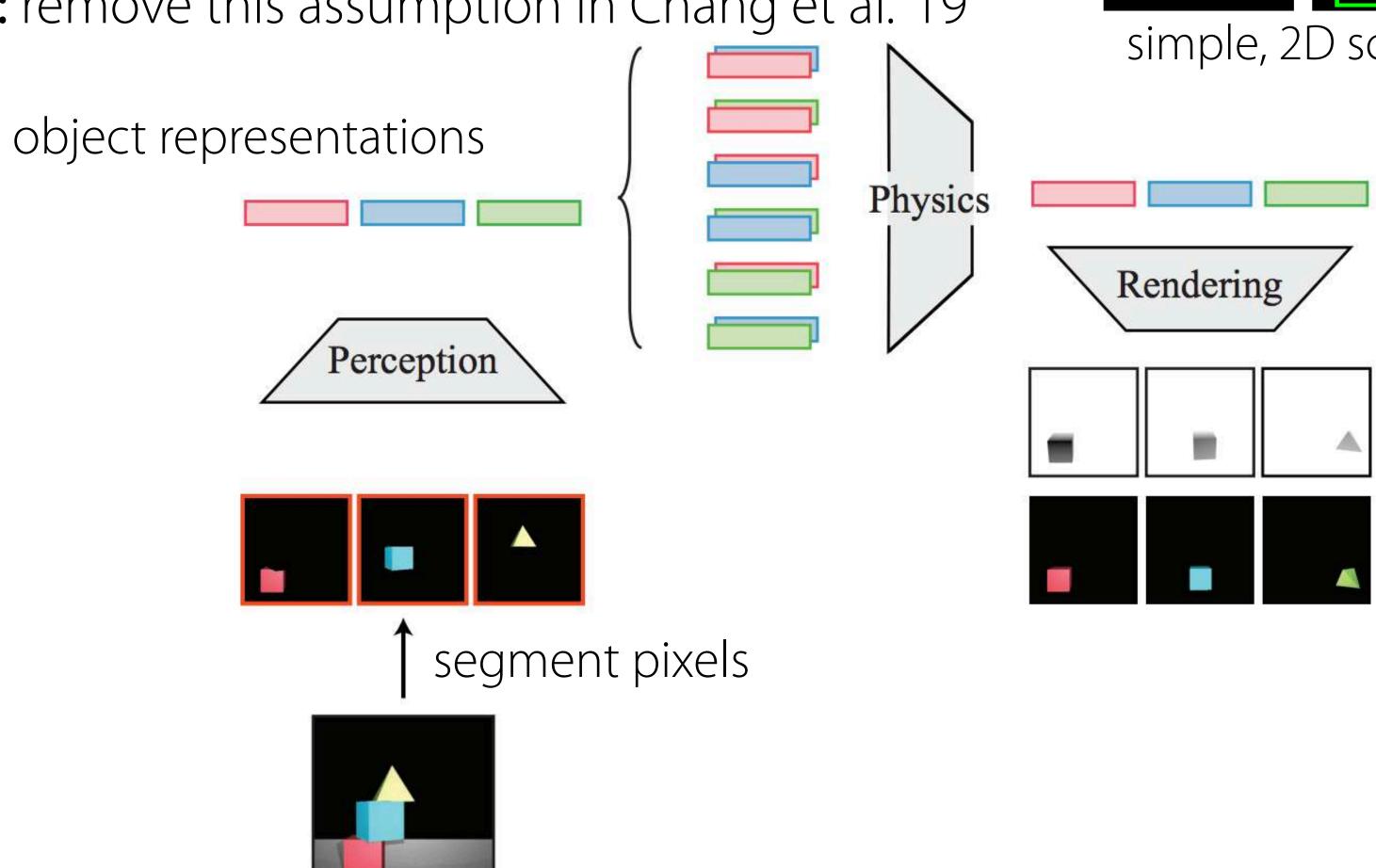


full supervision of object properties

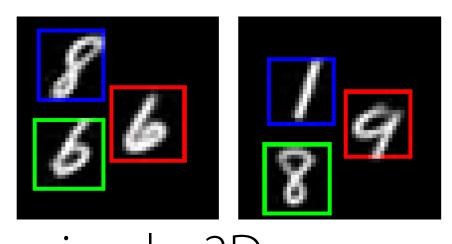
## Learn structured representation & model object-centric model

Assume: object segmentation masks for individual frames

Follow up work: remove this assumption in Chang et al. '19



Eslami et al. '16, Kosiorek et al. '18



simple, 2D scenes



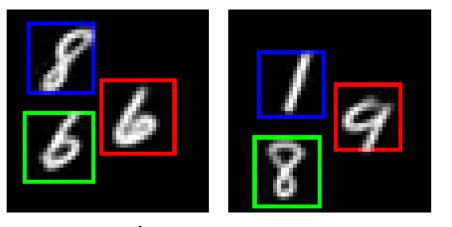
full supervision of object properties

Learn **structured** representation & model *object-centric* model

Assume: object segmentation masks for individual frames

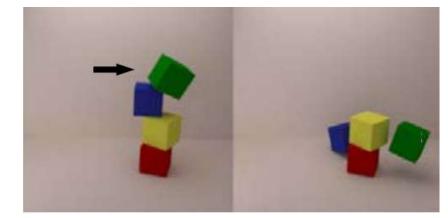
Follow up work: remove this assumption in Chang et al. '19

Eslami et al. '16, Kosiorek et al. '18

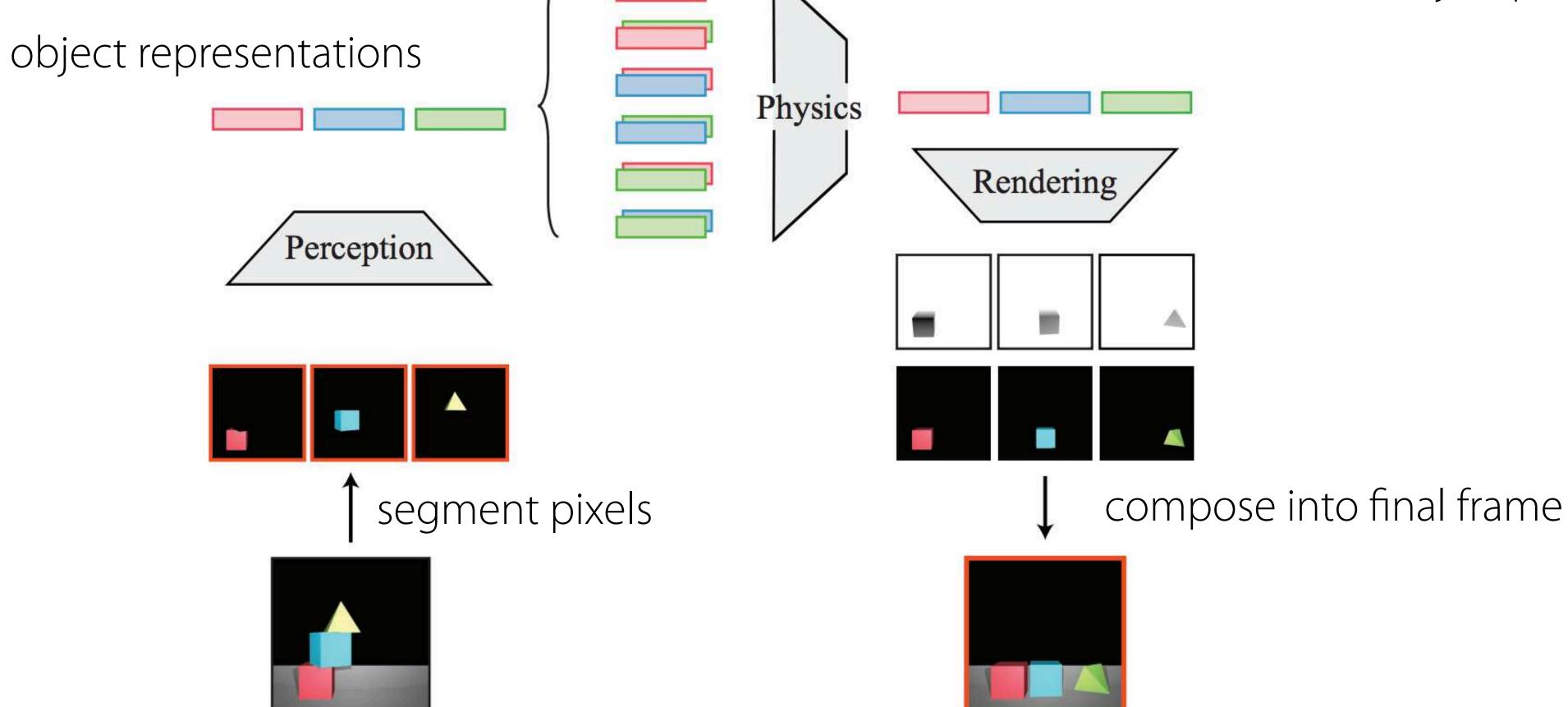


simple, 2D scenes

Wu et al. '17



full supervision of object properties

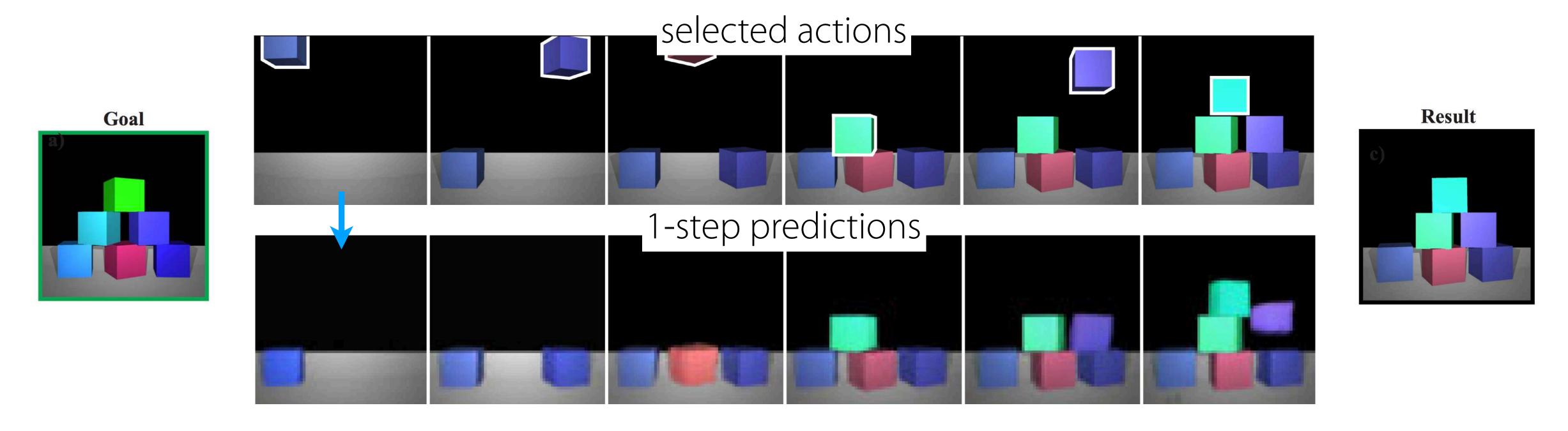


All modules trained with reconstruction loss ( $L_2+L_{VGG}$ )

#### Plan using model

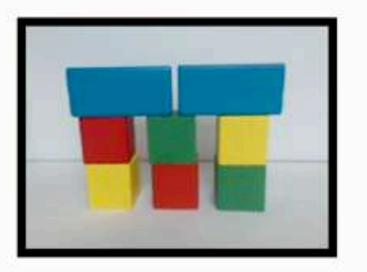
goal space: image of object configuration

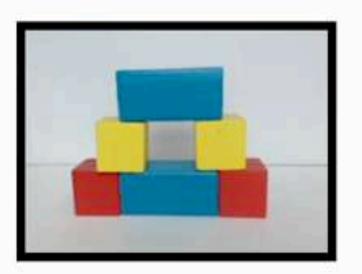
action space: which object & where to drop

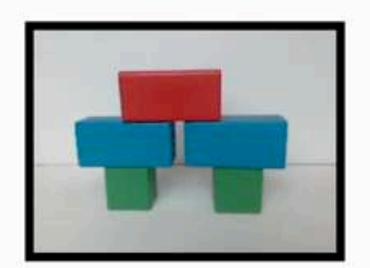


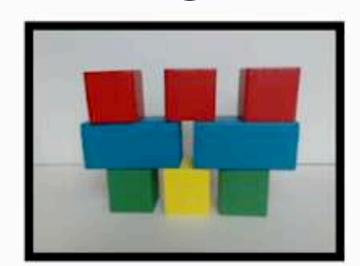
- sampling-based, beam search to plan action sequence
- evaluate action sequence based on distance in latent space & pixel space
- replan after each action

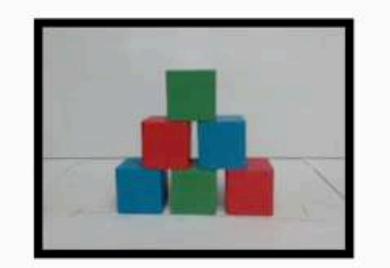
### Real world performance with single mode



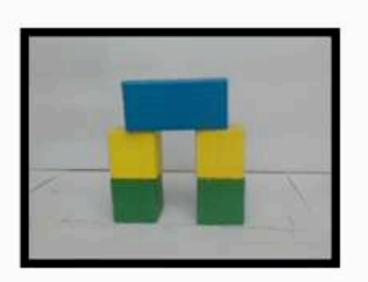


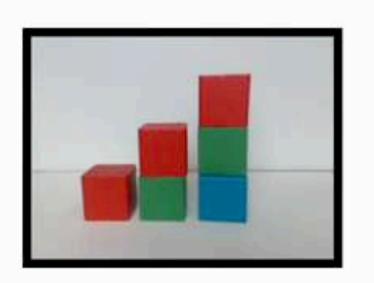


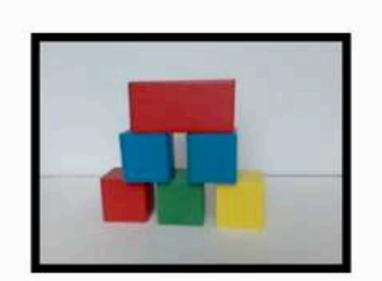


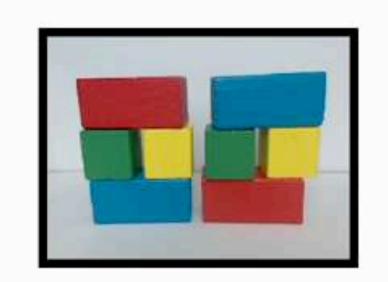


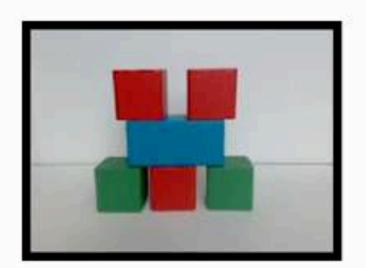
#### goal images











Takeaways

Learning model on diverse interactions — achieve many tasks

Structured latent space --> achieve complex, long-horizon tasks

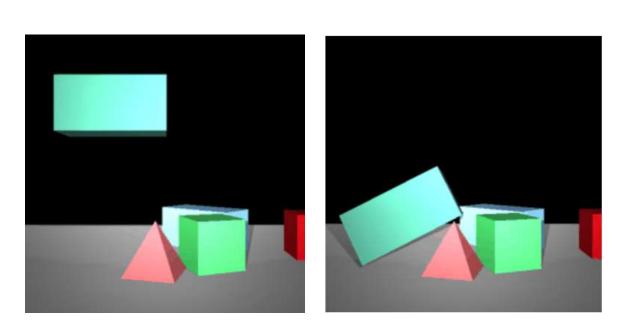
### Can we build a robot that can do many tasks?



learn general-purpose model

plan with model for many tasks

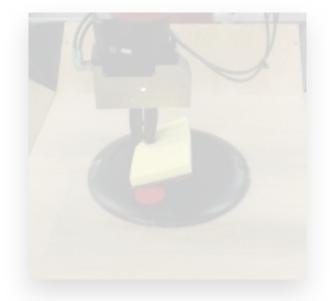
learning a policy in a closed universe



structured latent space model for **long-horizon tasks** 



modeling diverse, open-world environments





long-horizon tasks in diverse, open-world environments

from pixel observations, with limited supervision, in the physical world

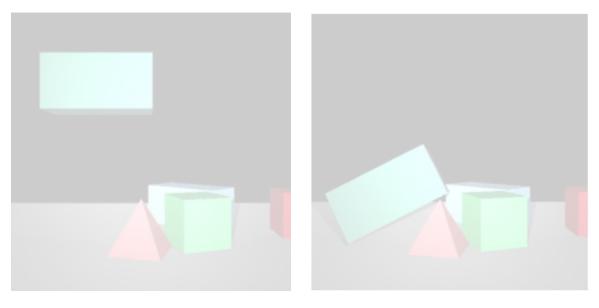
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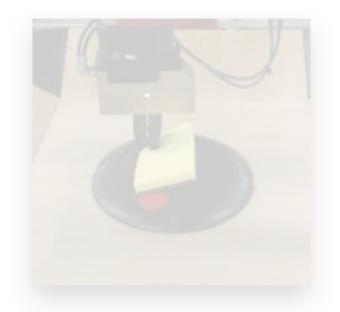
learning a policy in a closed universe



structured latent space model for long-horizon tasks



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long-horizon tasks in diverse, open-world environments

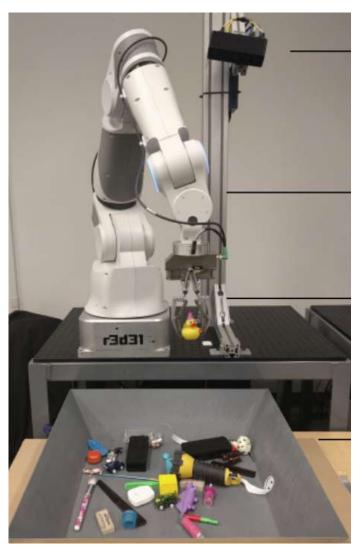
from pixel observations, with limited supervision, in the physical world

## Diverse Open-World Environments

#### self-supervised robot learning



Pinto & Gupta '16



Nair\*, Chen\*, Agrawal\*, Isola, Abbeel, Malik, Levine '17

Levine, Pastor, Krizhevsky, Quillen '16

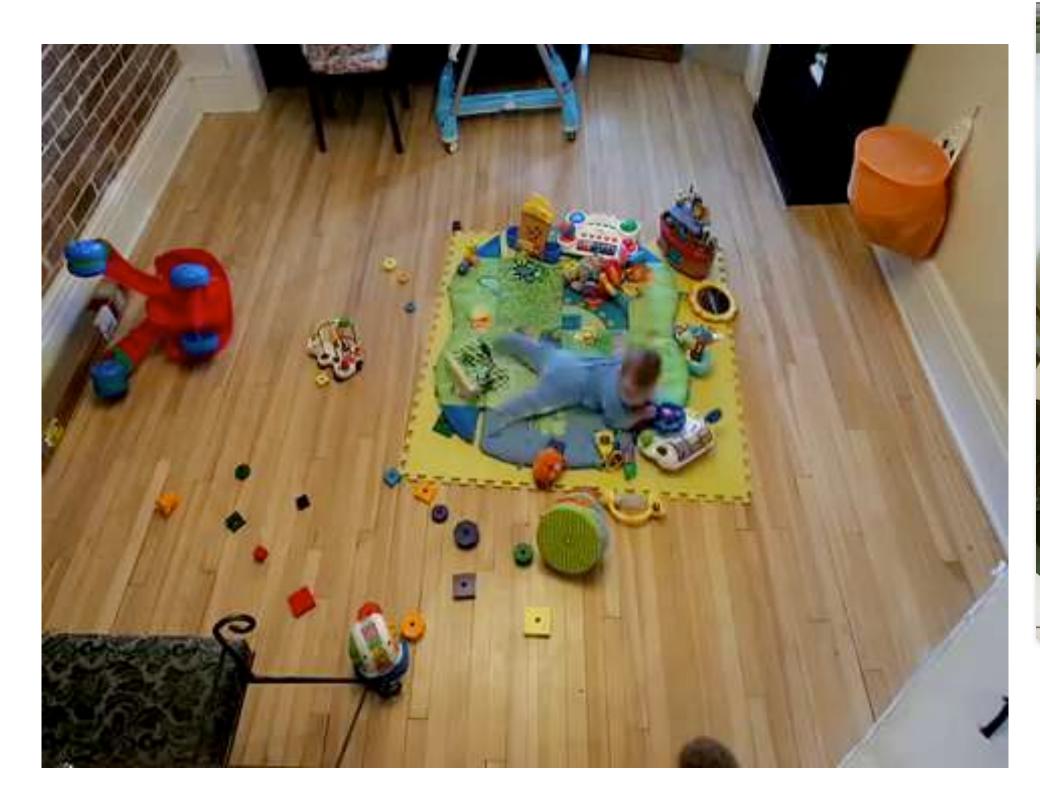
Our goal: generalize to novel objects and, also to many tasks

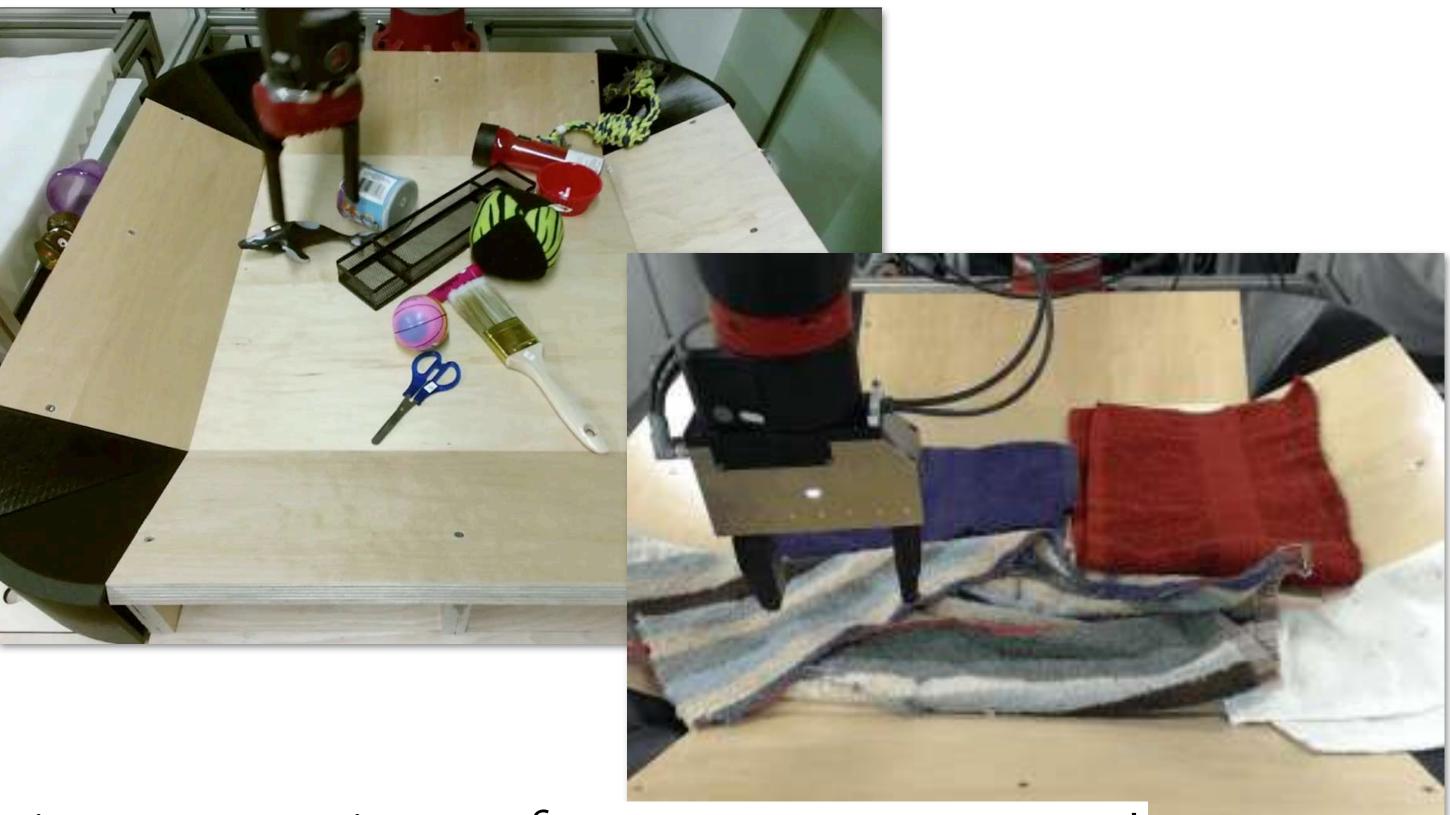
(by learning a general-purpose model)

Overall approach: Collect data, learn model, plan to achieve many tasks



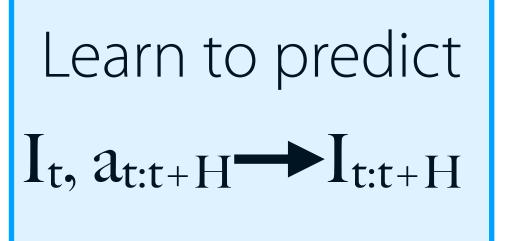
### Collect diverse data in a scalable way





In contrast to policy learning: no notions of progress or success!









Contrast to:

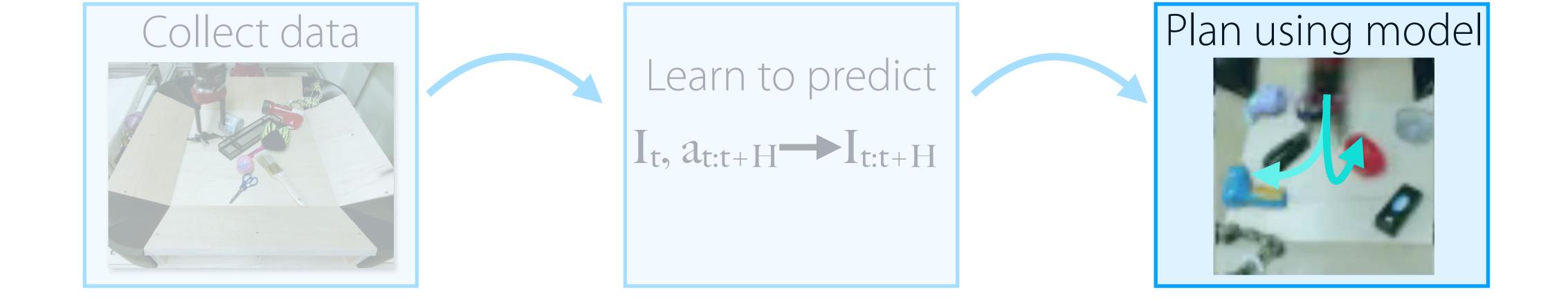


Models capture **general purpose** knowledge about the world

Use **all** of the available supervision signal.

Also: No assumptions about task representations.



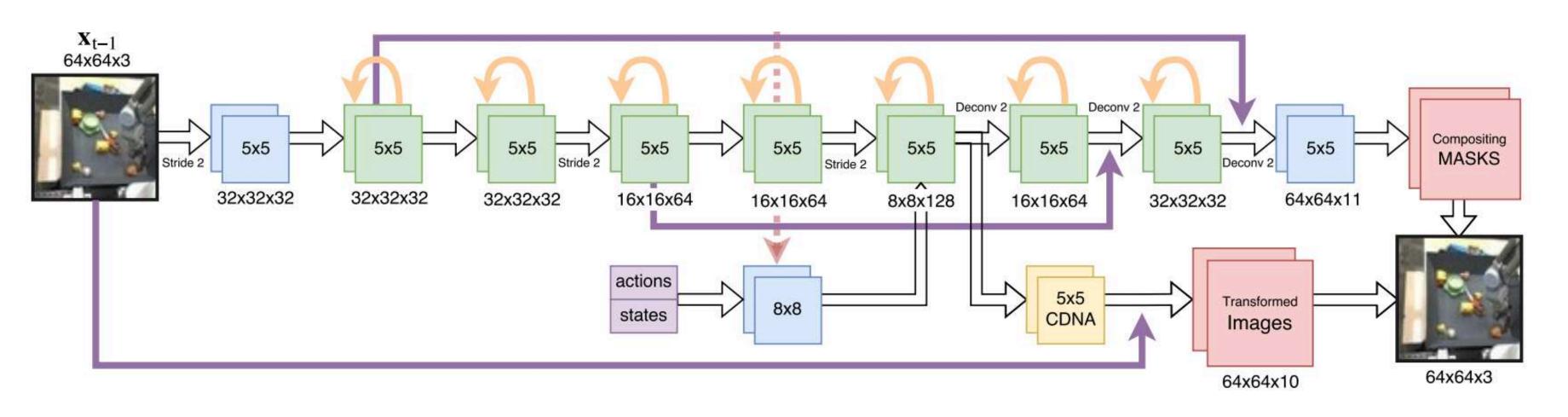


Planning with visual foresight:

- sampling-based optimization over actions
- replan action sequence at each time step

visual MPC

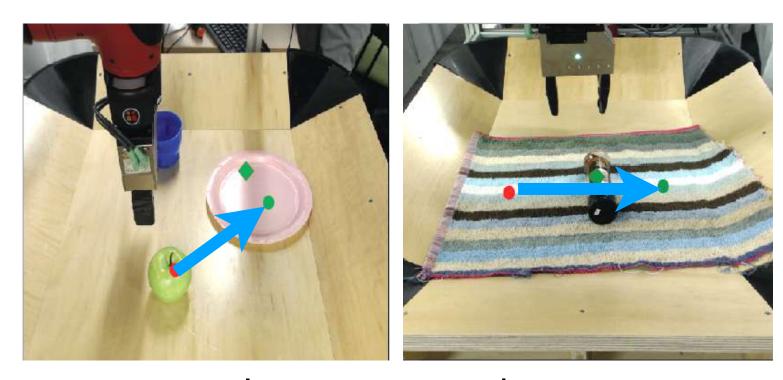
# How to predict video?



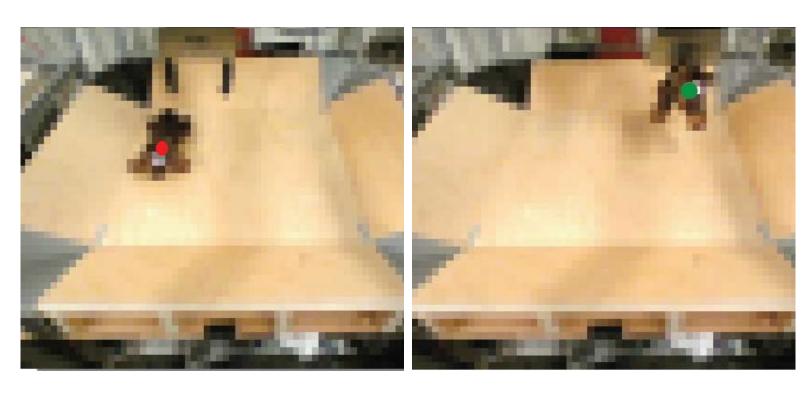
- deep recurrent network
- multi-frame prediction
- action-conditioned
- explicitly model motion

### Which future is the best one?

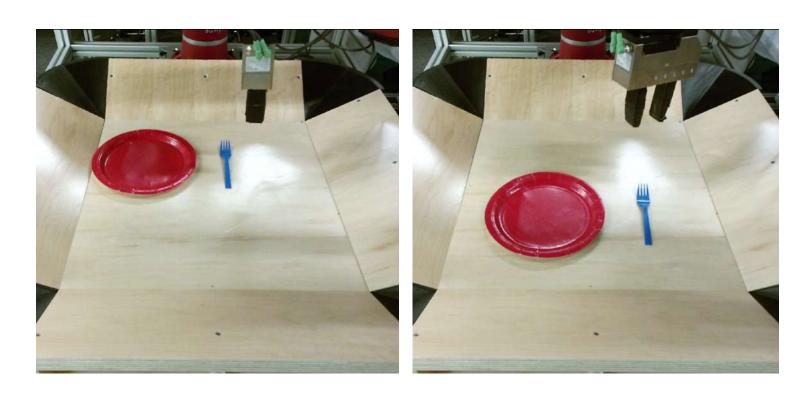
#### Human specifies a goal by:



Selecting where pixels should move.



Providing an image of the goal.



Providing a few examples of success.

Finn & Levine ICRA '17
Ebert, Lee, Levine, Finn CoRL '18
Xie, Singh, Levine, Finn CoRL '18

## How it works

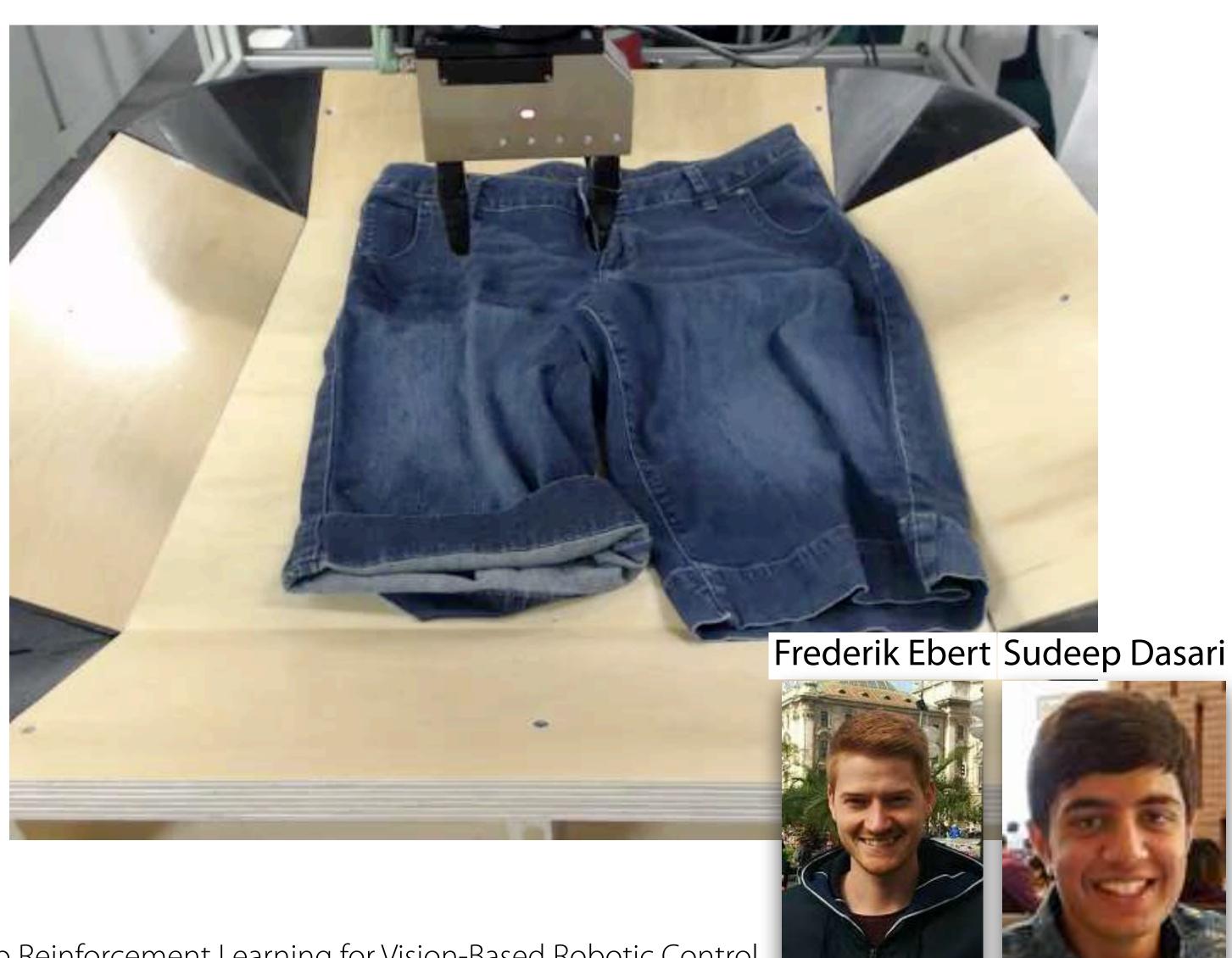
### Specify goal



Visual MPC w.r.t. goal



#### Visual MPC execution



Ebert\*, Finn\*, Dasari, Xie, Lee, Levine. Visual Foresight: Model-Based Deep Reinforcement Learning for Vision-Based Robotic Control.

## How it works

#### Given 5 examples of success

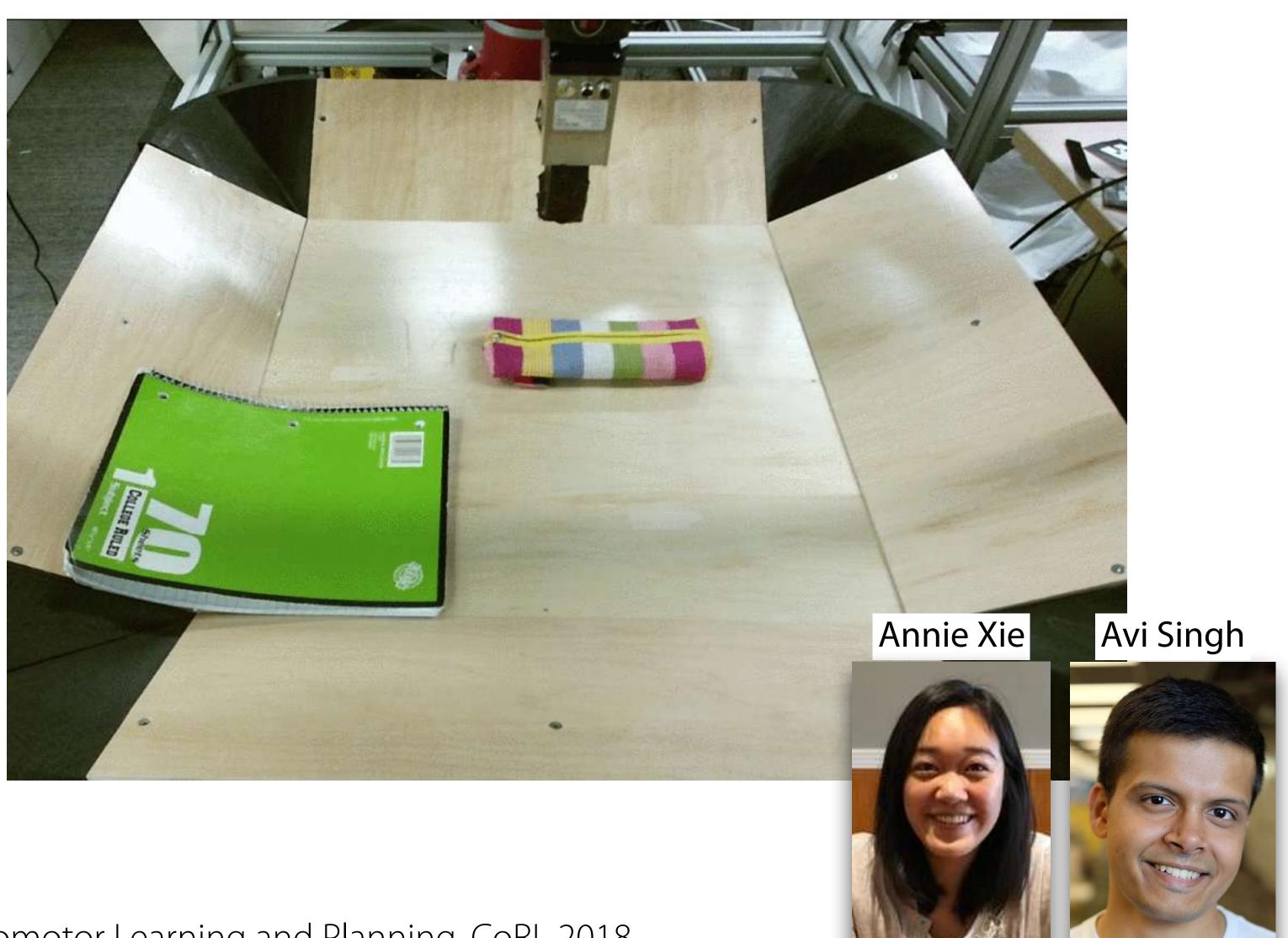


infer goal classifier

visual MPC w.r.t. goal classifier



#### Visual MPC with learned objective



Xie, Singh, Levine, Finn. Few-Shot Goal Inference for Visuomotor Learning and Planning, CoRL 2018

## Planning with a single model for many tasks

Video speed: 2x



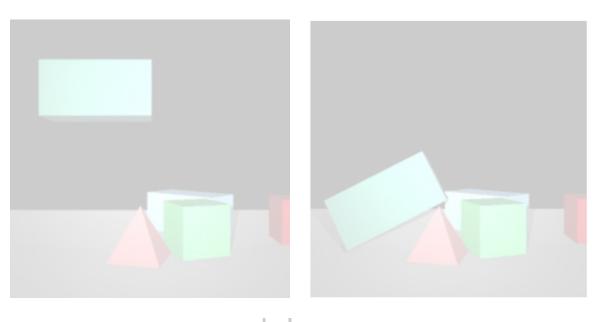
### Can we build a robot that can do many tasks?



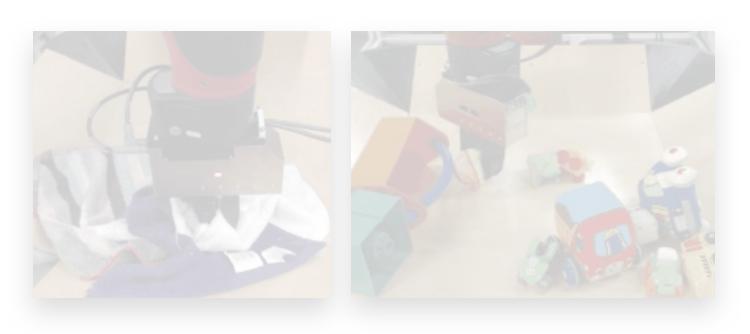
learn general-purpose model

plan with model for many tasks

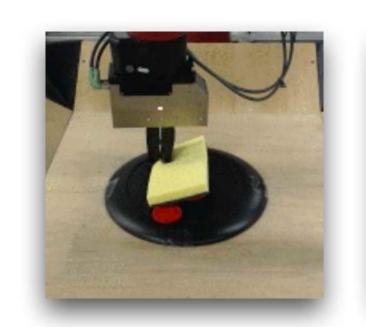
learning a policy in a closed universe



structured latent space model for long-horizon tasks



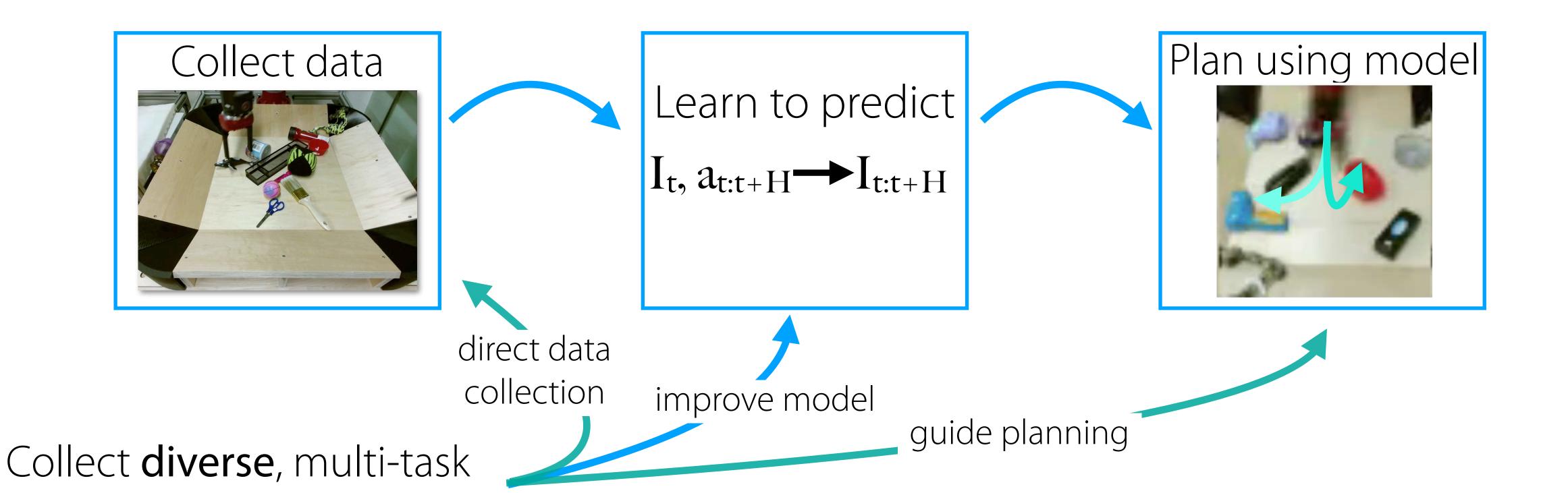
modeling diverse, open-world environments





long-horizon tasks in diverse, open-world environments

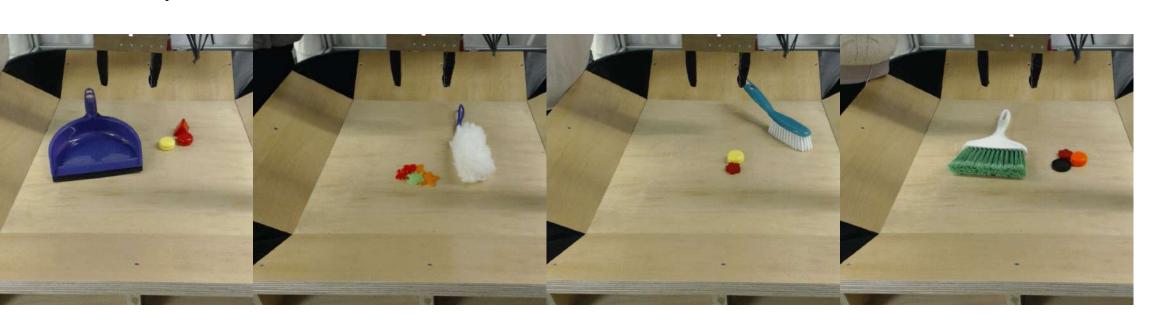
from pixel observations, with limited supervision, in the physical world



Fit model of  $p(a_{t:t+H} | I_t)$  to the demonstration data.

Example multi-task demonstrations:

demonstrations



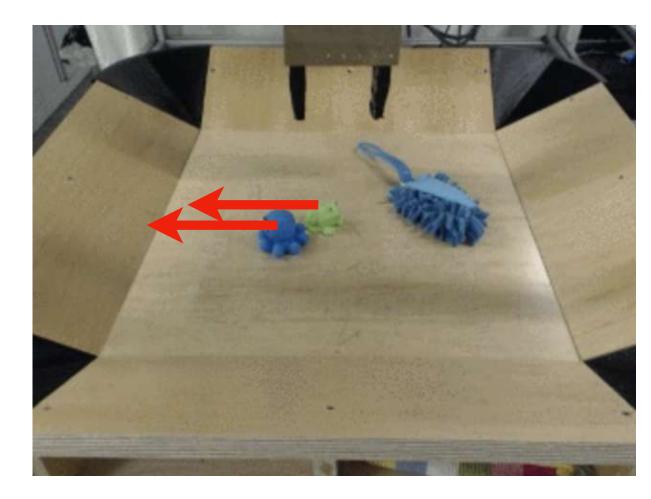
Samples from action proposal model:



Xie, Ebert, Levine, Finn. Improvisation through Physical Understanding, RSS '19

## How it works

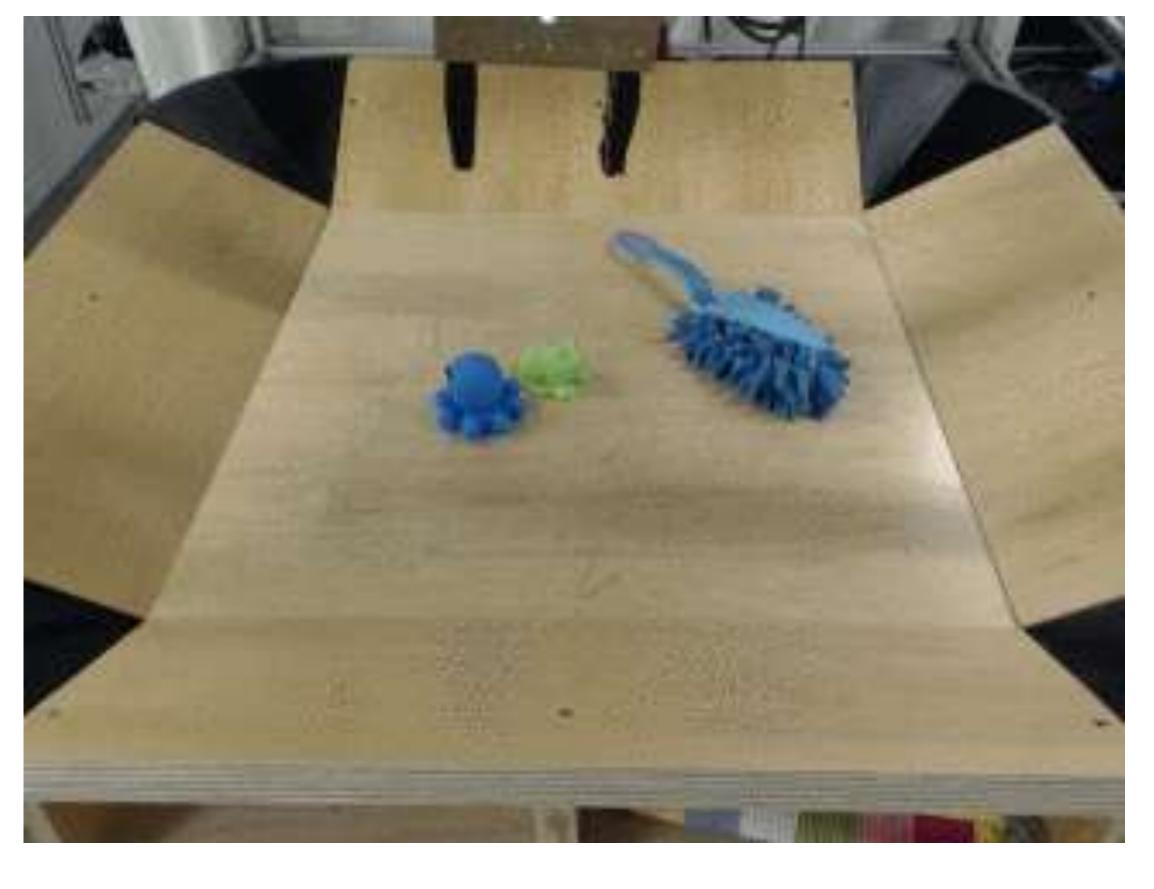
Specify goal



Guided visual planning w.r.t. goal



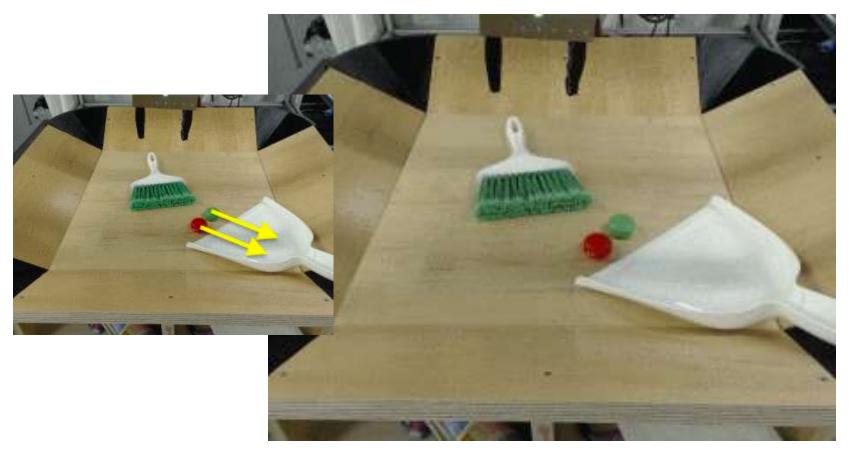
Executing actions



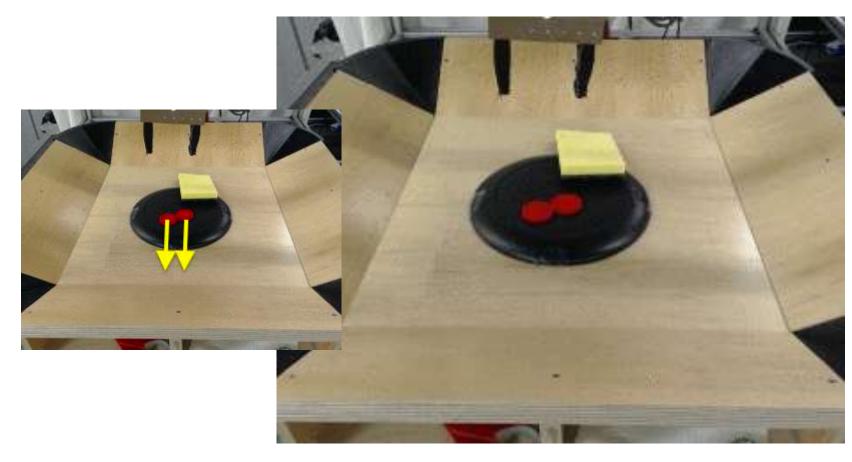
Xie, Ebert, Levine, Finn. Improvisation through Physical Understanding, RSS '19

## Qualitative Experiments

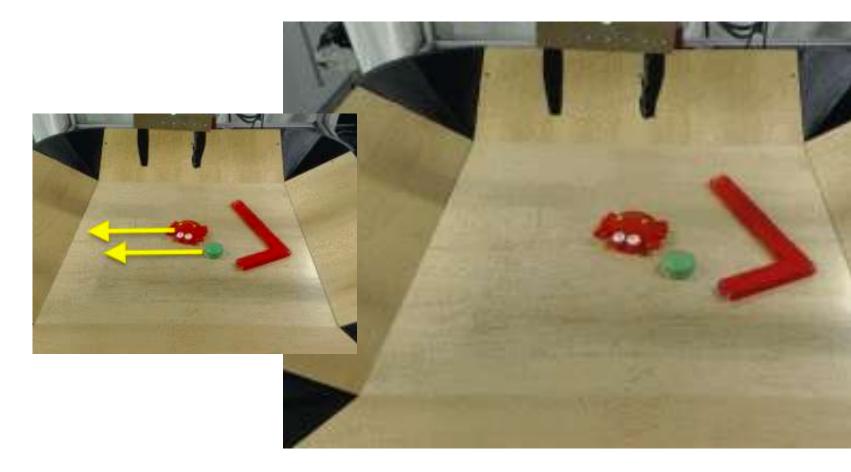
solve new tasks



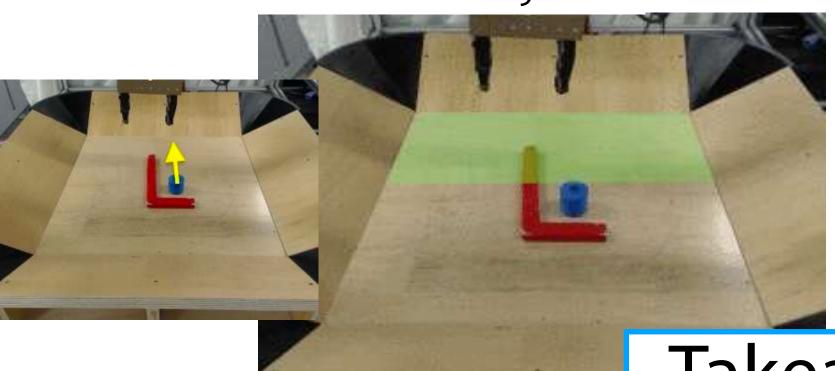
unseen tools



decide when to use a tool...



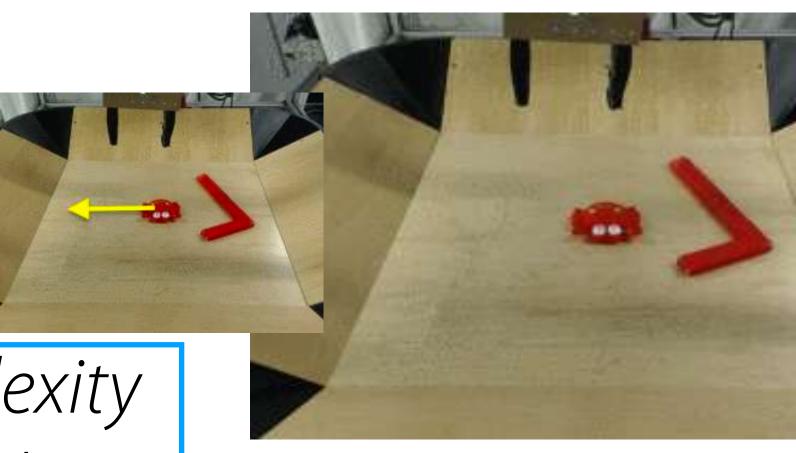
out-of-reach objects



unseen *unconventional* tools



...and when not to

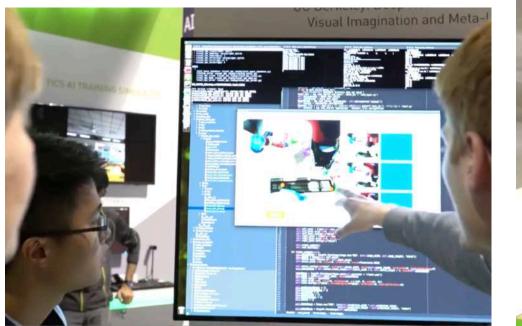


**Takeaway**: Achieve greater *complexity* of skills while maintaining *generality*.

### Demo at NIPS 2017: Long Beach, CA



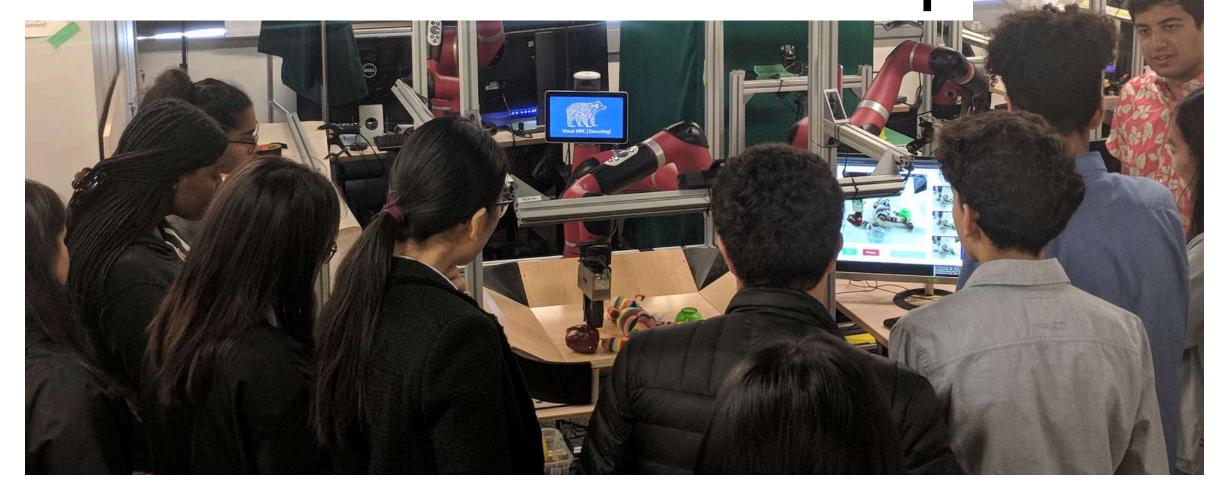
planning with visual models



one-shot imitation



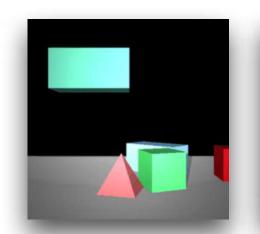
Demo at AI4ALL Outreach Camp

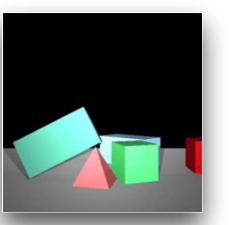


The students were unimpressed.

(but still had fun)

# **Takeaways** Can we build an agent that can do *many tasks*? from pixel observations, with limited supervision, in the physical world





structured latent space model for long-horizon tasks

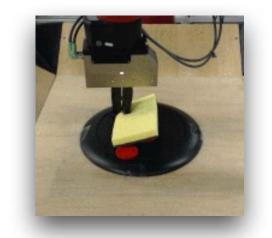
+ complex, long-horizon tasks





modeling diverse, openworld environments

- + significant object diversity
- + minimal supervision





long-horizon tasks in diverse, open-world environments

- + significant object diversity
- + long-horizon tasks

#### Future work: How can we build better, more useful models of the world?

# Can we model **uncertainty** over future observations?

More and more uncertainty over time.

# Can we adapt the model with a small amount of experience?

Physical properties unknown until interaction.

#### How should we model the reward?

Agents need internal representation of the goal in the real world.

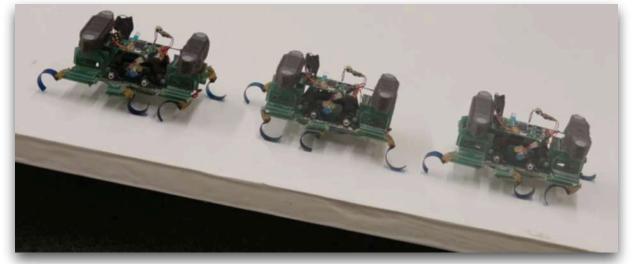
#### Stochastic adversarial video prediction



Lee, Zhang, Ebert, Abbeel, Finn, Levine. 2018

#### Few-shot, online model adaptation





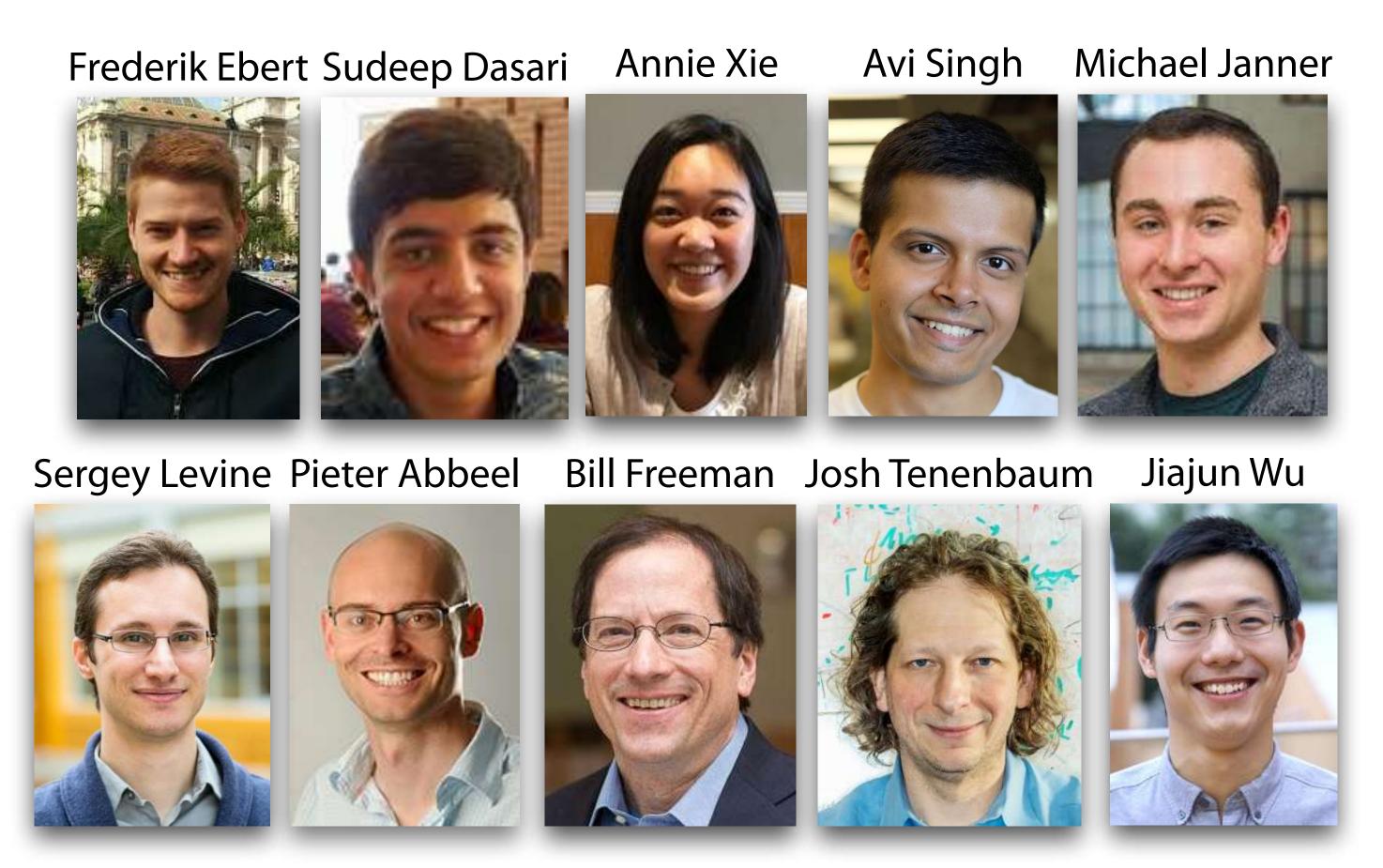
Nagabandi\*, Clavera\*, Liu, Fearing, Abbeel, Levine, Finn. 2018

#### Goal inference from images



Xie, Singh, Levine, Finn. CoRL 2018

## Collaborators & Students



Papers, data, and code linked at: people.eecs.berkeley.edu/~cbfinn

Questions?